

A Bayesian Approach to Identify Bitcoin Users

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Introduction

Basic Properties of Bitcoin

Basic Properties of Bitcoin



Digital

Basic Properties of Bitcoin



Digital



Cryptography

Basic Properties of Bitcoin



Digital



Cryptography



Network

Basic Properties of Bitcoin



Digital



Cryptography



Network



Anonymity

Basic Properties of Bitcoin



Digital



Cryptography



Network



Anonymity



Public
transactions

Goal of Research

- Goal: identification of Bitcoin users; determine geographical distribution and flow of Bitcoin
- Challenge:
 - Anonymous users
 - Parameters of interest are hidden
- Solution: analysis of the time delay and content of the messages propagating in the network, develop and apply a probabilistic model

Propagation of a Transaction



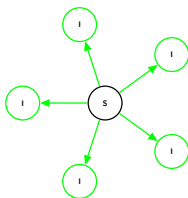
Propagation of a Transaction



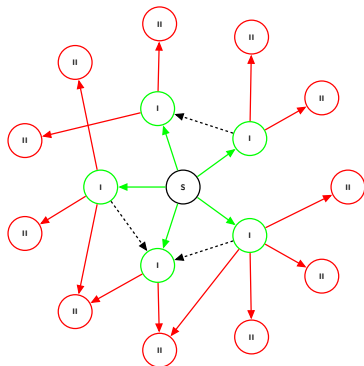
Propagation of a Transaction



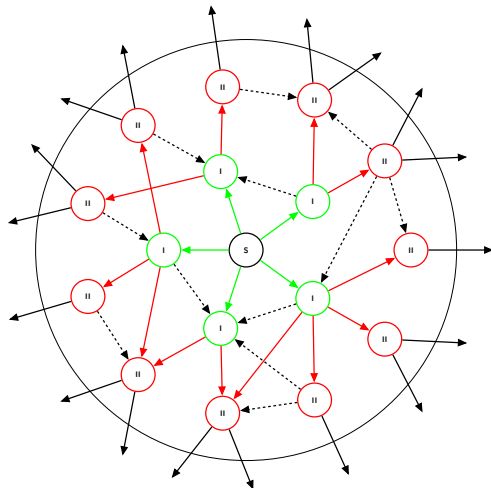
Propagation of a Transaction



Propagation of a Transaction

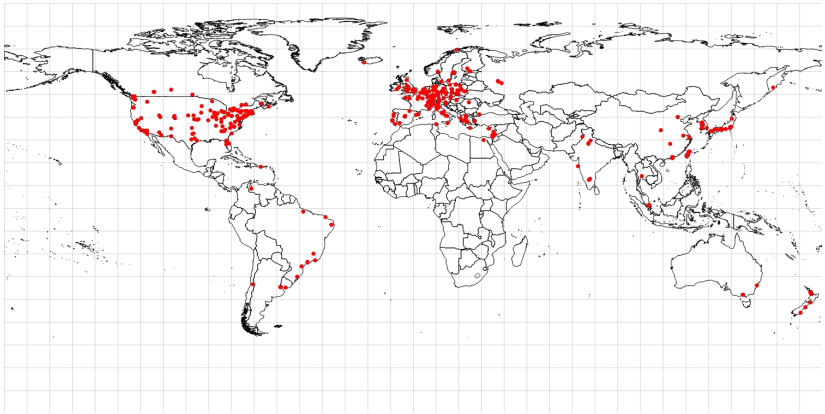


Propagation of a Transaction



Data Collection

Data Collection



~ 2 billion messages → database server

Main Steps of Solution

Main Steps of the Solution

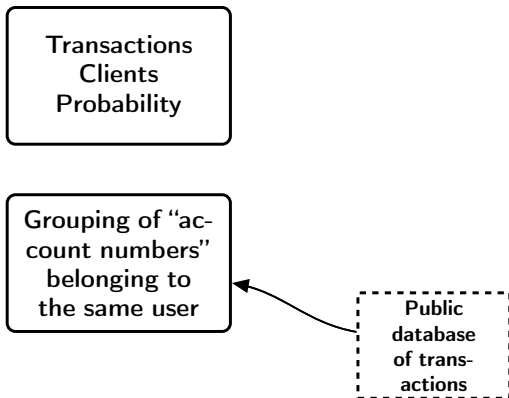
Main Steps of the Solution

Identification of
Bitcoin clients
creating the
transactions

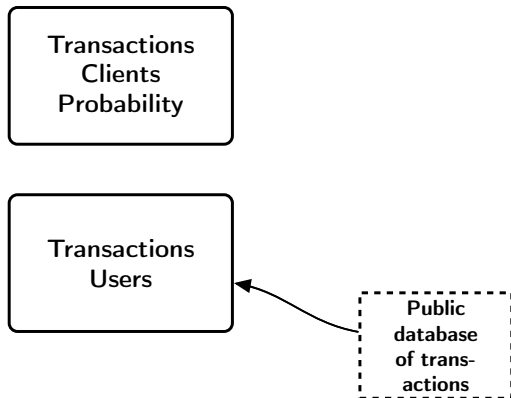
Main Steps of the Solution

Transactions
Clients
Probability

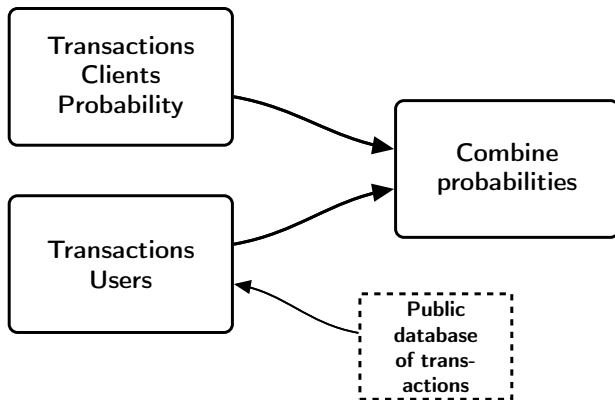
Main Steps of the Solution



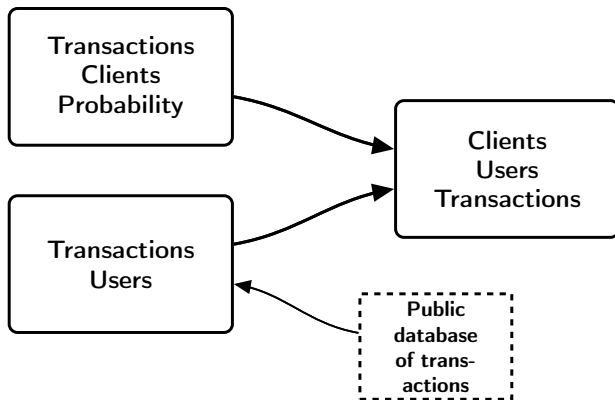
Main Steps of the Solution



Main Steps of the Solution



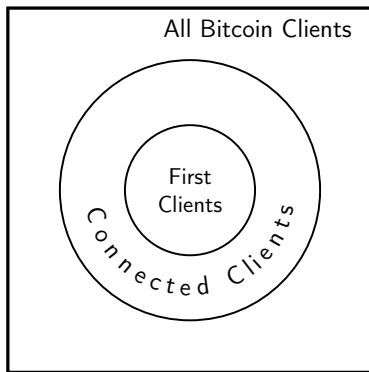
Main Steps of the Solution



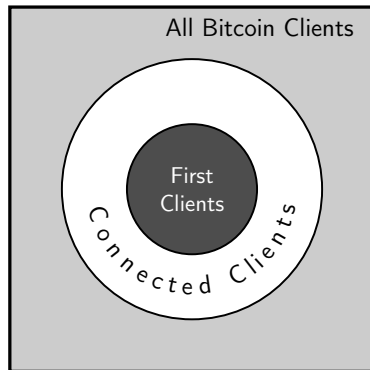
- Combination of Probabilities with naive Bayes classification
- Bitcoin clients can be localized through their IP address

Continue

Creators of Transactions



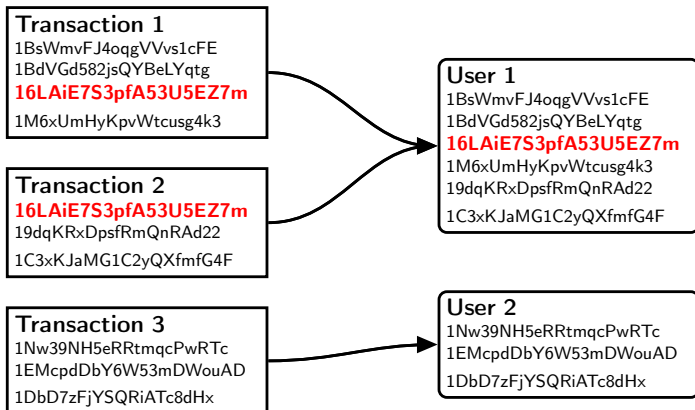
Creators of Transactions



Back

Grouping of Bitcoin Users

Input addresses of a transaction belong to the same user. (Usually, a user uses several addresses in one transaction as inputs.)



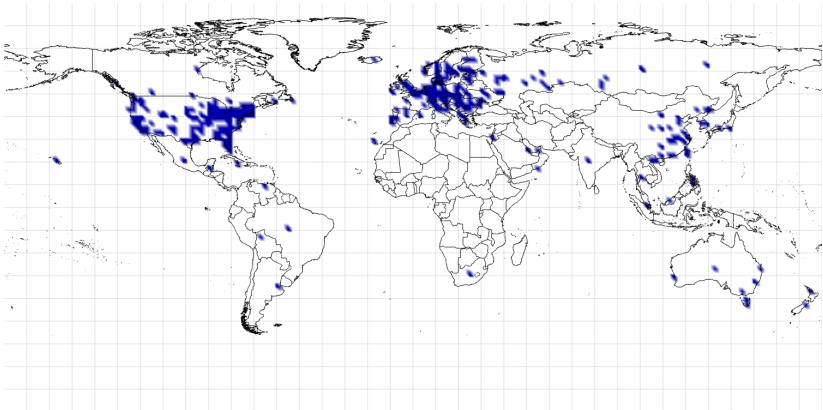
Combination of Probabilities

$$\mathbb{P}(Y|\mathbf{t}\mathbf{x}) = \frac{\prod_{i=1}^m \mathbb{P}(Y|t\mathbf{x}_i)}{\mathbb{P}(Y)^{m-1} \left[\frac{\prod_{i=1}^m \mathbb{P}(Y|t\mathbf{x}_i)}{\mathbb{P}(Y)^{m-1}} + \frac{\prod_{i=1}^m \mathbb{P}(N|t\mathbf{x}_i)}{\mathbb{P}(N)^{m-1}} \right]}$$

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Results

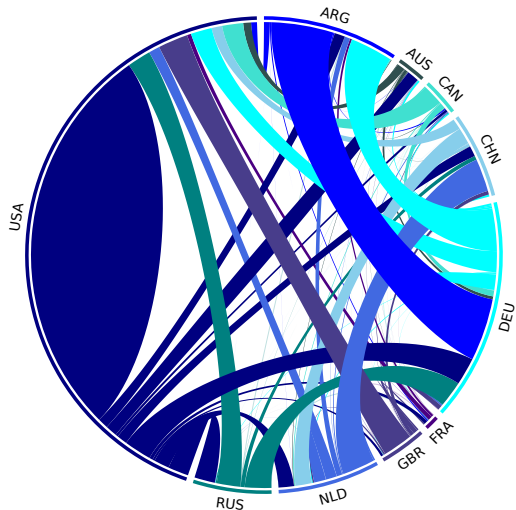
Geographical Distribution of Bitcoin



Flow of Bitcoin



Flow of Bitcoin



Summary

- Goal: determine the distribution and flow of Bitcoin

Summary

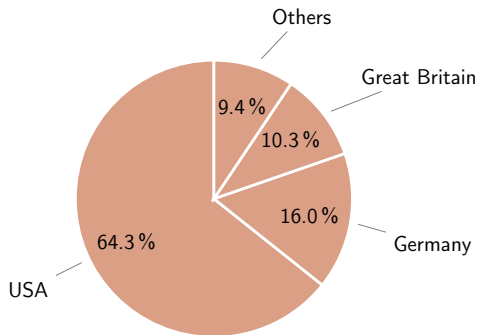
- Goal: determine the distribution and flow of Bitcoin
- Mathematical model \rightarrow localization of users and transactions

Summary

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- Mathematical model \rightarrow localization of users and transactions
- Results: deanonymization of Bitcoin; the distribution of Bitcoin correlates with the economic development of the geographic regions

Summary

- Goal: determine the distribution and flow of Bitcoin
- Mathematical model \rightarrow localization of users and transactions
- Results: deanonymization of Bitcoin; the distribution of Bitcoin correlates with the economic development of the geographic regions



Thanks for your attention!